## **REVIEWS AND DESCRIPTIONS OF TABLES AND BOOKS**

The numbers in brackets are assigned according to the indexing system printed in Volume 22, Number 101, January 1968, page 212.

1[2.05, 2.35].—J. KOWALIK & M. R. OSBORNE, Methods for Unconstrained Optimization Problems, American Elsevier Publishing Co., Inc., New York, 1969, xii + 148 pp., 24 cm. Price \$9.50.

Within the last ten years, there has been increasing interest in the problem of minimizing a function of n variables numerically. During that time several new methods have appeared and numerical experiments as well as mathematical analyses have shed much light on some of these newer as well as the older methods. The authors of this new book, the first dealing solely with this subject, address themselves to giving a survey of this material.

The first, very short, chapter contains some preliminaries and a second short chapter treats search methods such as that of Rosenbrock and of Hook and Jeeves. The third chapter considers the classical method of steepest descent as well as the more recent variation of Davidon and methods employing conjugate directions. In Chapter 4 the authors discuss the special case of least squares problems, and after a discussion of the linear problem as well as the Newton and secant methods for solving nonlinear systems of equations, the Gauss-(Newton) method together with the Levenberg modification is treated. The chapter ends with a description of a method of Powell. Chapter 5 considers various ways in which constrained problems may be handled by methods for unconstrained problems. Chapter 6 records the results of various numerical experiments. The book ends with short appendices on matrices and convexity as well as some "Notes on Recent Developments."

In contradiction to the publisher's claim, it is difficult to classify this work as a textbook. There are no exercises and the style is mostly descriptive with only a few convergence theorems proved. However, it should be useful as supplemental reading for courses in both numerical analysis and nonlinear programming as well as providing a readable introduction to the subject for practicing scientists and engineers.

## J. M. O.

2[2.10].—BRUCE S. BERGER, ROBERT DANSON & ROBERT CARPENTER, Tables of Zeros and Weights for Gauss-Hermite Quadrature for N = 200, 400, 600, 800,1000, and 2000, ms. of 3 typewritten pp. + 50 computer sheets deposited in the UMT file. (Copies also obtainable from Professor Berger, Department of Mechanical Engineering, The University of Maryland, College Park, Md. 20742.)

The authors continue herein their tabulation of the abscissas and weights associated with certain Gauss quadrature formulas [1], [2].

As stated in the title, the present tables relate to the Gauss-Hermite formula